# TransNorthern Aviation Volpar Turboliner II Maneuvers



Principal Base of Operations:

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# **REVISIONS**

It is the responsibility of the Director of Operations or Chief Pilot to keep the Volpar Maneuvers current.

All revisions will be submitted to the FAA for approval prior to being implemented.

Revision control is accomplished in the upper right-hand corner of each page. The following is an explanation of the terms found:

Page 1 Original 01-10-21

1 Represents Page 1.

Original Represents Original document (not yet revised)

01-10-21 Represents the date the original document (or revision) became effective.

# **LOG OF REVISIONS**

Rev. No.	Date	Page Numbers	Initials
Original	01-10-21	All	
2017			
			o

# **EFFECTIVE PAGES**

This list shows the current revision and effective date of each page.

PAGE	REVISION	DATE
1	Original	01-10-21
2	Original	01-10-21
3	Original	01-10-21
4	Original	01-10-21
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16	Original	01-10-21
17	Original	01-10-21

FAA Final Approval, Office AL03 Effective date 12/7/2023 James Howery, POI

JAMES M Digitally signed by JAMES M HOWERY

HOWERY Date: 2023.12.07 10:04:28 -09'00'

## USE OF THE MANEUVERS GUIDE

The flight maneuvers contained herein are designed to support the flight training curriculum segment. The procedures established for each maneuver are designed to standardize company flight training.

All crewmembers are expected to demonstrate knowledge and proficiency in each maneuver (both ground & flight) listed in the flight training curriculum segment in accordance with the standards set forth in the applicable airman certification standards guide. While TransNorthern LLC recognizes standards for operating the aircraft, we also recognize our diverse operating environment may require the pilot to use judgement in determining the proper operational criteria for a given situation.

Instructors and check airman will be familiar with the ATP (FAA-S-ACS-11), Commercial Pilot (FAA-S-ACS-7A), or Instrument Rating (FAA-S-ACS-8B) Airman Certification Standards as applicable, prior to conducting training & testing.

These flight training maneuvers do not replace the aircraft performance and operating limitations published in the Volpar Turboliner II AFM. Compliance with the FAA Limitations section is mandatory for all flight operations.

## Training Considerations:

- Flight training sessions should be preceded and followed by an instructor briefing and debriefing.
- Flight training maneuvers should be completed above 3,000' AGL
- Flight training maneuvers should be modified as necessary to comply with ATC instructions.
- For traffic avoidance ADSB and ATC Traffic Advisory services should be used whenever possible.
- Clearing turns should be conducted as necessary prior to initiating the maneuver.
- Instructors should emphasize use of appropriate checklists and single or multi-crewmember resource management.

## Volpar Operational Speeds (KIAS)

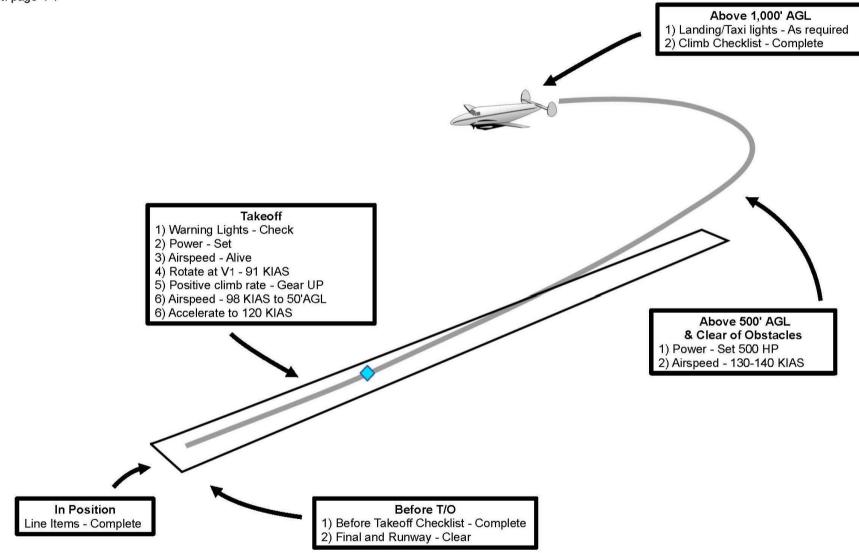
Vмс	84	Minimum Single Engine Control Speed (Red Line)
$V_1$	91	Critical Engine Failure Speed
$V_X$	94	Two Engine Best Angle of Climb Speed
VYSE	111	Single Engine Best Rate of Climb Speed (Blue Line)
$V_Y$	117	Two Engine Best Rate of Climb Speed
	150	Cruise Climb Speed
	23	Maximum demonstrated crosswind

# Volpar Limitation Speeds (KIAS)

eed - Power Off (Emergency Descent)
peed - Full Down (Normal Operations)
rating Speed
ended Speed
ed
eed

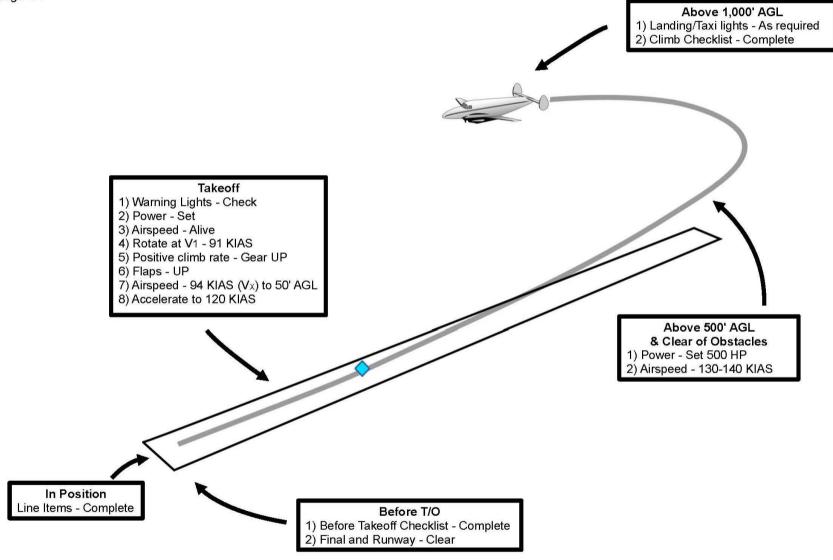
# Normal Takeoff and Departure - Flaps Up

Note: V<sub>1</sub> is always 91 KIAS per AFM page 4-1



# Short Field Takeoff and Departure - Flaps 15°

Note: V<sub>1</sub> is always 91 KIAS per AFM page 4-1

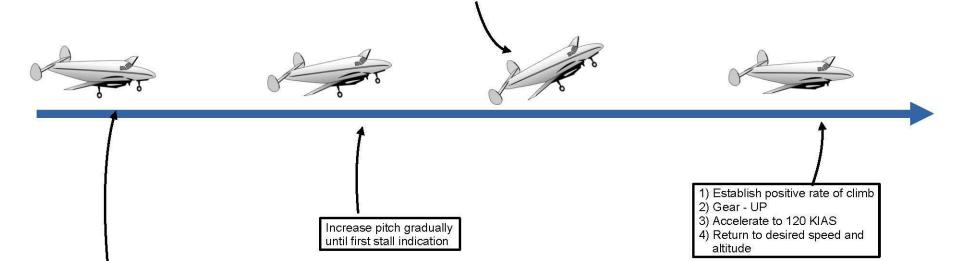


## **Takeoff Configuration Stall**

Notes: Complete maneuver above 3000' AGL

#### At Stall Indication

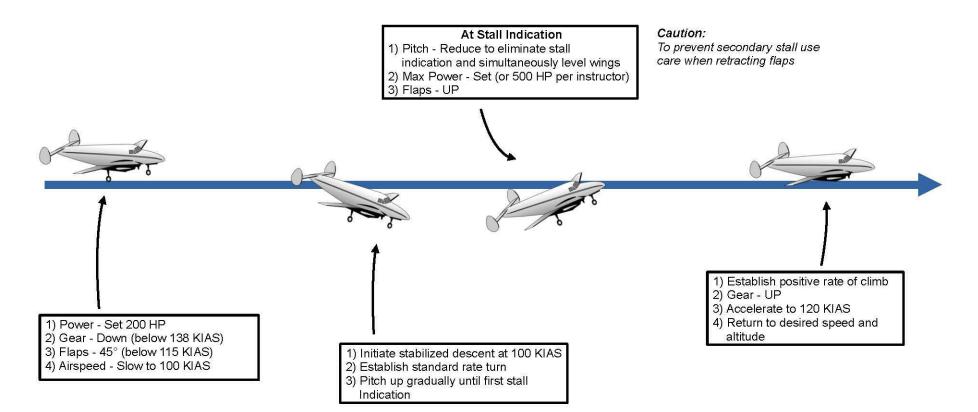
- 1) Pitch Reduce to eliminate stall indication and level wings as necessary
- 2) Max Power Set (or 500 HP per instructor)



- 1) Power As required to establish 100 KIAS in level flight
- 2) Gear Down (below 138 KIAS) 3) Flaps UP
- 4) Set simulated climb power 200 HP (or per instructor)

## **Landing Configuration Stall**

**Note:** Complete maneuver above 3000' AGL



## Clean Configuration Stall

#### Note:

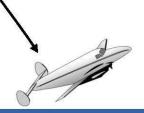
Complete maneuver above 3000' AGL

# At Stall Indication

- 1) Pitch Reduce to eliminate stall indication
- 2) Max Power Set (or 500 HP per instructor)











- 1) Power Set 200 HP
- 2) Airspeed Slow to 100 KIAS

# At 100 KIAS:

- 1) Establish standard rate turn
- 2) Increase pitch until first stall indication

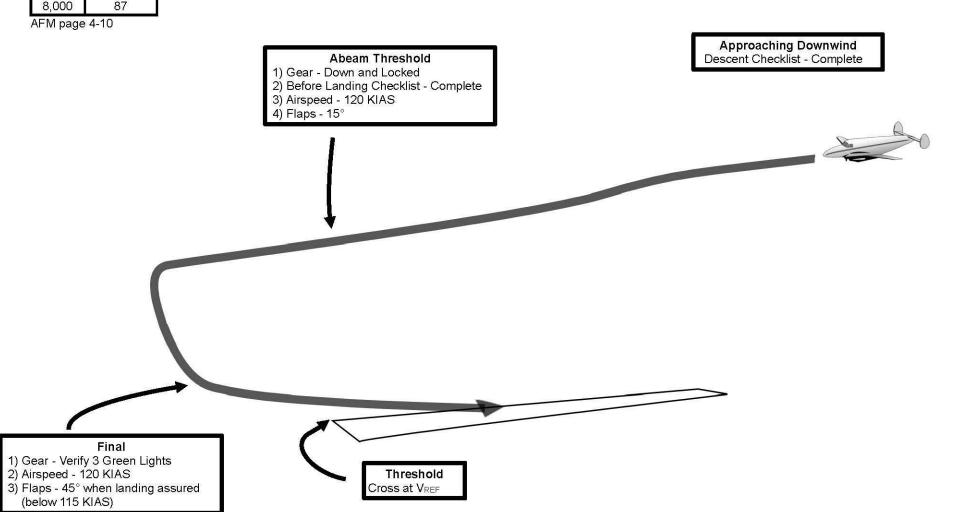
- 1) Recover to initial altitude
- Power Reduce to maintain desired airspeed

# Normal Visual Approach

Weight - Pounds	V <sub>REF</sub> KIAS Flaps 45°
11,000	102
10,000	97
9,000	92
8,000	87

Final

AFM page 4-10



### Visual Approach - One Engine Inoperative

#### Note:

V<sub>REF</sub> **for** single engine landing Is 105 KIAS (same as no flap landing) and is 1.3 Vs1 at GW.

Only GW stall speeds are listed in the AFM. See Stall Speed Chart page 4-8

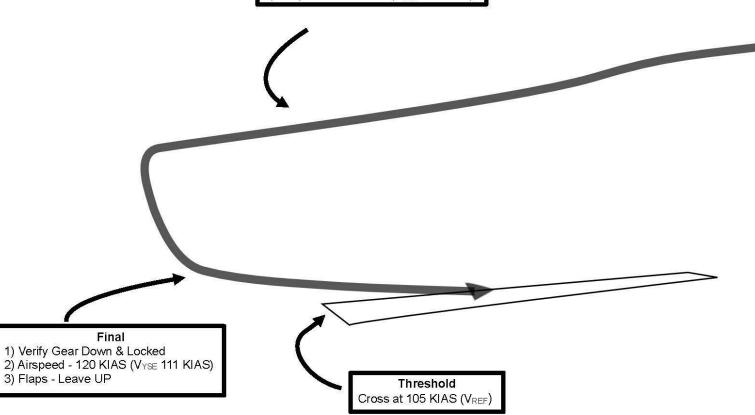
# Abeam Threshold

- 1) Gear Down and Locked
- 2) Before Landing Checklist Complete 3) Airspeed 120 KIAS (VYSE 111 KIAS)

# **Approaching Downwind**

- 1) Simulate inoperative engine Slowly retard one engine to 150-200 HP
  2) Engine Failure Checklist Complete
  3) Airspeed 130 KIAS or as desired

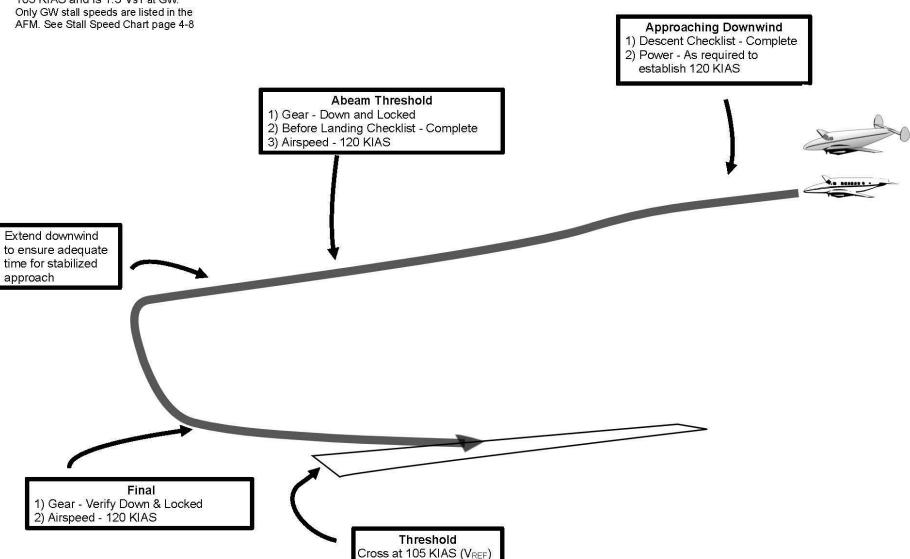
- 4) Power As Required



# Visual Approach - Flap Malfunction (no flaps)

## Note:

V<sub>REF</sub> **for** no flap landing Is 105 KIAS and is 1.3 Vs1 at GW.



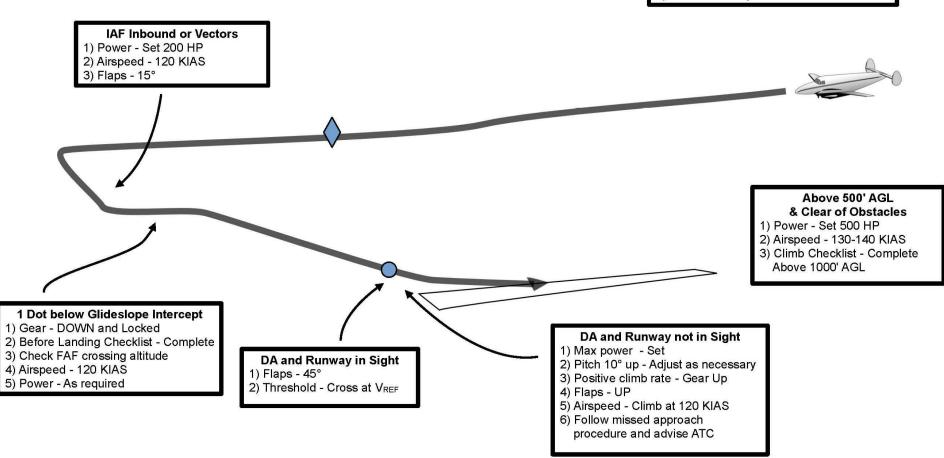
## ILS / LPV / VNAV Approach with Missed Approach

Weight - Pounds	V <sub>REF</sub> KIAS Flaps 45°
11,000	102
10,000	97
9,000	92
8,000	87

AFM page 4-10

#### Prior to IAF or Vectors

- 1) ATIS Obtain
- 2) Approach Review, load, tune, identify
- 3) Descent checklist Complete
- 4) Airspeed 130-150 KIAS
- 5) Power As required

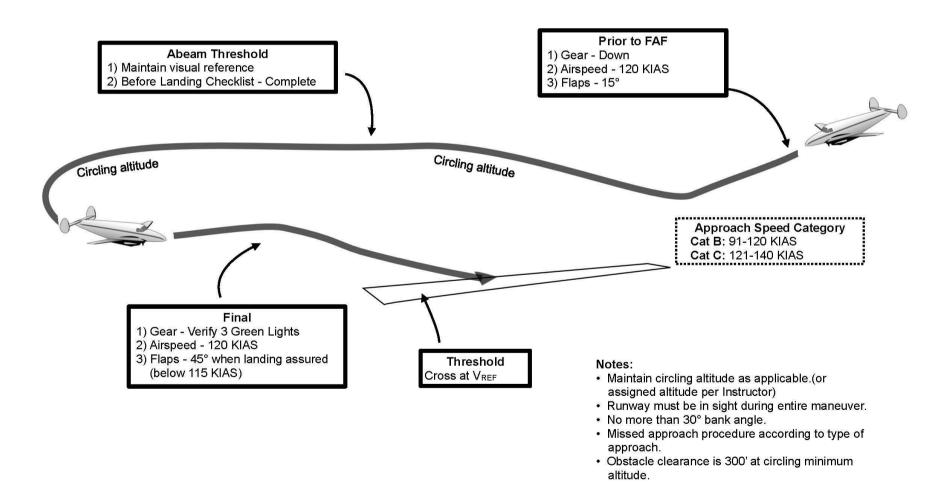


## ILS / LPV / VNAV Approach with Missed Approach One Engine Inoperative Note: V<sub>REF</sub> for single engine landing Is 105 KIAS (same as no flap landing) and is 1.3 Vs1 at GW. Only GW stall speeds are listed in the **Prior to IAF or Vectors** AFM. See Stall Speed Chart page 4-8 1) ATIS - Obtain 2) Approach - Review, load, tune, identify 3) Descent checklist - Complete 4) Simulate zero thrust on one engine 4) Airspeed - 130 KIAS or as desired 5) Power - Approx. 350 HP (or as required) on other engine IAF Inbound or Vectors 1) Power - As required 2) Airspeed - 120 KIAS Above 500' AGL & Clear of Obstacles 1) Power - Set 500 HP 2) Airspeed - Blueline or greater 3) Climb Checklist - Complete Above 1000' AGL 1 Dot below Glideslope 1) Gear - DOWN and Locked 2) Before Landing Checklist - Complete 3) Check FAF crossing altitude DA and Runway not in Sight 4) Airspeed - 120 KIAS (VYSE 111 KIAS) 1) Max power - Set 5) Power - As required 2) Maintain Heading - with 5° bank toward DA and Runway in sight good engine (trim as required) 1) Flaps - Leave UP 3) Positive climb rate - Gear Up 2) Threshold - Cross at 105 KIAS (VREF) 4) Airspeed - Climb at Blue Line 5) Follow missed approach procedure and advise ATC

## Normal Instrument Approach - Circling

Weight - Pounds	V <sub>REF</sub> KIAS Flaps 45°
11,000	102
10,000	97
9,000	92
8,000	87

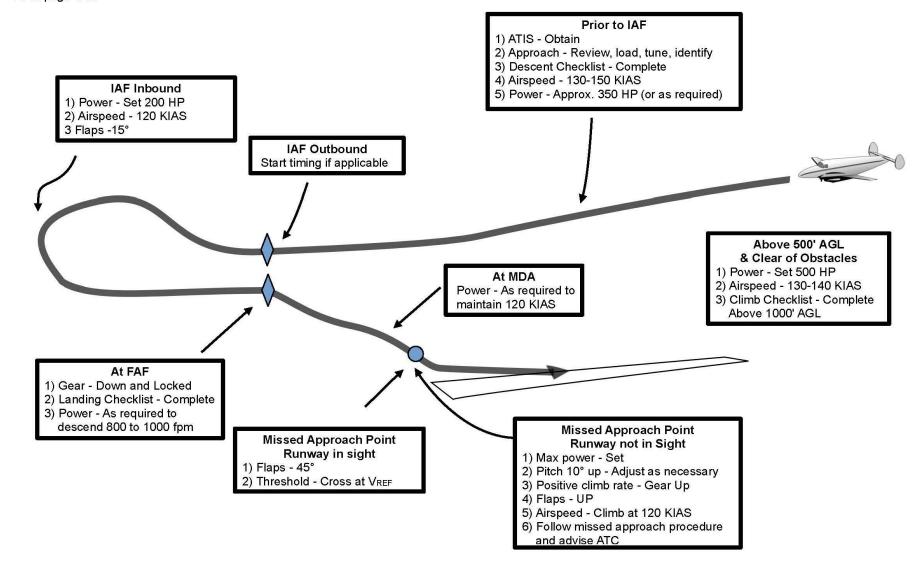
AFM page 4-10



# Non-Precision Approach with Missed Approach

Weight - Pounds	V <sub>REF</sub> KIAS Flaps °
11,000	102
10,000	97
9,000	92
8,000	87

AFM page 4-10



#### Non-Precision Approach with Missed Approach One Engine Inoperative Note: V<sub>REF</sub> for single engine landing Is 105 KIAS (same as no flap landing) and is 1.3 Vs1 at GW. Only GW stall speeds are listed in the Prior to IAF AFM. See Stall Speed Chart page 4-8 1) ATIS - Obtain 2) Approach - Review, load, tune, identify 3) Descent Checklist - Complete 4) Simulate zero thrust on one engine 4) Airspeed - 130 KIAS or as desired 5) Power - Approx. 350 HP (or as required) on other engine IAF Inbound 1) Power - As required 2) Airspeed - 120 KIAS IAF outbound Start timing if applicable Above 500' AGL & Clear of Obstacles 1) Power - Set 500 HP 2) Airspeed - Blue Line At MDA or greater Power - As required to maintain 3) Climb Checklist - Complete **120 KIAS** Above 1000' AGL At FAF 1) Before Landing Checklist - Complete 2) Power - As required to descend 800 to 1000 fpm 3) Airspeed - 120 KIAS (VYSE 111 KIAS) **Missed Approach Point** Runway not in Sight 1) Max power - Set Missed Approach Point 2) Maintain Heading - with 5° bank toward Runway in sight good engine (trim as required) 1) Flaps - Leave UP 3) Positive climb rate - Gear Up 2) Threshold - Cross at 105 KIAS (VREF) 4) Airspeed - Climb at Blue Line 5) Follow missed approach procedure and advise ATC